

Meadow View Primary School

	Foundation 2: Maths Curriculum									
Week	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2				
1	Pattern Spot the pattern and correct mistakes Colour patterns Objects patterns Vertical/horizontal/circular patterns Patterns with your body Builds own ABAB patterns KEY VOCABULARY: pattern, repeat, repeating, again, same, different, what is next? What comes before? Stem sentence I can see a pattern,	Shape 2D Shape What do you notice? Discuss how many sides, is it straight or curved. Shapes in different orientations What a circle is and what a circle is not. (repeat for all shapes below) Shapes in the environment. Which shapes can you see in different pictures? How do you know it is a circle/triangle? Less typical familiar shapes Construct 2D shapes using different materials eg lollipop stick KEY VOCABULARY: Square, circle, semi-circle, triangle, pentagon, hexagon STEM SENTENCES! "It is a circle/ square/ triangle/rectangle." "This is a side."	Mass • Discuss heavy and light. What do the words mean, how do we know if something is heavy or light? Human balance scales. • Heavier or lighter than an object. (using own body ot feel the pull) • Introduce scales, compare heavy and light on a scale • Find things that are heavier/lighter thanLarger than but lighter than KEY VOCABULRY: heavy, light, lightest, lighter, heavy, heaviest, heavier, object, order, compare, scale, balance STEM sentence: Is heavier than becauseis lighter than because Capacity • Discuss full, half full, empty showing examples. Use different sized containers and different materials (sad, rice, water) for children to investigate capacity. • Make direct comparies that hold more than a cup and less than a cup. • Counting how many smaller spoons it takes to fill your cup up and discussing what this shows. KEY VOCABULARY: capacity, liquid, fill, full, empty, half full, how many, cups, pour, container, pour	Pattern Recognising and discuss repeating AAB ABC AABC patterns. KEY VOCABULARY: pattern, repeat, repeating, again, same, different, what is next? What comes before? STEM Sentences: The pattern is	Measuring Length The difference between long & short and tall & short – wide and narrow Measuring end-to-end Ordering 5 objects by length How long is? How tall is? Measuring using different non-standard units Problem solving: e.g. which of these footprints are the largest? How can we prove it? KEY VOCABULARY: Long, length, measure, tall, tallest, short, shorter shortest, Long, longer, longest, wide, narrow STEM SENTENCES: "The is the langest/ shortest" "The is the tallest/ shortest." "The is the tallest/ shortest." "The is the tallest/ shortest."	Shape and Space Differentiates between 2D and 3D shapes Recognises faces of a solid shape as 2D shapes, counting faces accurately. Intentionally chooses shapes to fill an outline (tangram) KEY VOCABULARY: 2D, flat, 3D solid, shape, corner, vertex, vertices, sides, faces, how many, count, fill, cover, flip, turn, slide, combine STEM SENTENCES This is a it has faces. This shape has faces.				
2	Recognise and consolidate numbers 1 to 5 Counting principles Grow and flick to 5 1 to 1 counting Counting from a larger group Matching numbers to quantity. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, more, less, count, forwards, backwards, total, tens frame, numicon, STEM SENTENCES "One, two, three there are three cars etc."	 2D Shape What do you notice? Shapes in different orientations Shapes in the environment. Which shapes can you see in different pictures? Combining shapes Can you build a small square, a medium square, a large square? What shapes did you use to build your square? Can you build a square using rectangles? How do you know it is a square? Make a 20 shape picture by combining shapes Fit 2D shapes together and make patterns using language like flip, turn, slide. KEY VOCABULARY: Square, circle, semi-circle, triangle, pentagon, hexagon, flip, turn, slide STEM SENTENCES: "It is a circle/ square/ triangle/rectangle." This is a corner." 	Shape/Space How many tiles will it take to fill a grid on a 2D shape. Discuss how many vertices/corners and sides are on 2D shapes Discuss familiar routes using aerial map in local area, using positional language. KEY VOCABULARY: Square, circle, semi-circle, triangle, pentagon, hexagon, how many, fit together, pattern, shape, combine, corner, vertex, side, map, mapping, route, straight forward, turn, up, down, around, past, beside STEM sentences The barn is (straight ahead etc) There are sides on the	9-counting and cardinality (including counting with pennies) S and 4. Grow 9 and flick 9 Counting Principles Counting from a larger group Counting objects that can't be moved. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total, tens frame, STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine there are 9 cars etc."	Partitioning to 5 Double sided counters Part/part whole model Fact families Solving problems involving number facts to 5. KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? STEM sentence and Is the same as take away Is the same as	Pattern Recognises and builds AAB ABC AABC patterns Vertical/horizontal and circular patterns. KEY VOCABULARY: pattern, repeat, repeating, again, same, different, what is next? What comes before? STEM SENTENCE: Next in the pattern isbecause, The pattern is				
3	Recognise and consolidate numbers 1 to 5 More/less 1 more/less with numbers Numbers on a number line. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, more, less, count, forwards, backwards STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three there are three cars etc."	7-counting and cardinality Watch number blocks number 7. Introduce numeral and rhyme. Grow 7 and flick- 5 and 2 more Count how many-oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, stop at the number. Count from a larger group-oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, say the total. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total. STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three, four, five, six, seven there are 7 cars etc."	8-counting and cardinality Watch number blocks number 8. Introduce numeral and rhyme. Grow 8 and flick- 5 and 3 more Count how many-oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, say the total. Count from a larger group-oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, stop at the number. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total. STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight there are 8 cars etc."	Where does 9 come on a number track? 1 more/1 less Odd or even number Missing numbers One less and one more with objects that can't be seen (count stones into a bucket. How many will there be if 1 take one away. How many will there be if 1 add another one?) KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, position, before, after, between STEM SENTENCES: "There are more/fewerthan"	Doubles Sorting doubles and non-doubles Numicon Tens frame and pair wise patterns. KEY VOCABULARY: double, doubling, twice as many, pair wise, how many, same STEM SENTENCE: Doubleis	Partitioning to 5 Part part whole model with fact families. What's the missing number? Hiding numbers number problems. KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? STEM SENTENCES: The missing number isbecause There arehiding becauseis the same as				
4	Recognise and consolidate numbers 1 -5 Numicon Fingers Objects KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total, tens frame, Hungarian tens frame STEM Sentence Number bondsandis the same as	7 counting Counters on a tens frame. Say what you can see. oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, stop at the number. Counting objects that can't be moved. Conceptual subitising- 1 can see and andis the same as 7. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total, tens frame. Subitise STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three, four, five, six, seven there are 7 cars etc." I can seesquares are full andsquares are empty. andis the same as 10.	8 counting counters on a tens frame. Say what you can see. oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, stop at the number. Counting objects that can't be moved. Conceptual subitising- I can see and andis the same as 8. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total, tens frame. Subitise STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight there are 8 cars etc." I can seesquares are full andsquares are empty: andis the same as 10.	Partitioning to 9 Numicon Fingers Objects How many are hidden? (problem solving) KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? Stem sentenceandis the same as 9	Odd and even numbers Odd and even numbers Uoking at number blocks Looking at number square? What do we notice? Can we see a pattern? Reciting odd and even pattern KEY VOCABULARY: KEY VOCABULARY: odd, even, share, same on both side, equal, groups STEM SENTENCE Odd, even, odd, even, odd,odd, even,	Conceptual subitising Say what you can see Recalling number bonds to 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10. KEY VOCABULARY: subitise, how many, what do you see? How do you see it> What do you notice? Group, part, whole, altogether STEM SENTENCE: I can see I knowandis the same as				
5	6-counting and cardinality Watch number blocks number 6. Introduce numeral and rhyme. Grow 6 and flick- 5 and 1 more	Where does 7 come on a number track? 1 more/1 less Odd or even number Missing numbers	Where does 8 come on a number track? 1 more/1 less Odd or even number Missing numbers One less and one more with objects that can't be seen (count stones into a bucket. How many will there be if I take one away. How many will there be if I add another one?)	10-counting and cardinality (including counting with pennies) 5 and 4. Grow 10 and flick 10 Counting Principles Counting from a larger group Counting objects that can't be moved.	Sharing Sharing into two equal groups (halving) Sharing into more than 2 groups. Sharing when a number is odd. Halving- talk about line of symmetry	Number bonds to 10 Objects Double sided counters Part-part whole KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice?				

	Count how many-oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, stop at the number. Count from a larger group-oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, say the total. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total. STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three, four, five, six there are 6 cars etc."	One less and one more with objects that can't be seen (count stones into a bucket. How many will there be if I take one away. How many will there be if I add another one?) KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, position, before, after, between, 1 more, 1 less, greater than fewer than. STEM SENTENCES: "There are more/fewer. "is 1 more/ 1 less than" (using numerals to fill the gaps, e.g. 7 is more than 6)	KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, position, before, after, between, 1 more, 1 less, greater than fewer than. STEM SENTENCES: "There are more/fewer. "is 1 more/ 1 less than" [using numerals to fill the gaps, e.g. 8 is more than 7]	KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total, tens frame STEM SENTENCES: "One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine there are 10 cars etc."	KEY VOCABULARY: sharing, h groups, symmetry STEM SENTENCES: Half ofis There are Groups of
6	6 counting Counting on a tens frame. Say what you can see. oracy chanting: count in order, say one number for each object, stop at the number. Counting objects that can't be moved. Conceptual subitisinge- I can see and and is the same as 6. KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, count, total, tens frame. Subitise STEM SENTENCES: 'One, two, three, four, five, six there are 6 cars etc." I can seesquares are full andsquares are empty. andis the same as 10.	Partitioning to 7 Numicon Fingers Objects Double sided counters Conceptual subitising How many are hidden (problem solving) KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? Stem sentenceandis the same as 7 7 take awayis the same as 7 Fact families using part-part-whole model	Partitioning to 8 Numicon Fingers Objects Double sided counters Conceptual subitising How many are hidden? (problem solving) KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? Stem sentenceand is the same as 8 8 take awayis the same as 8 8 take awayis the same as Fact families using part-part-whole model	Where does 10 come on a number track? 1 more/1 less Odd or even number Missing numbers One less and one more with objects that can't be seen (count stones into a bucket. How many will there be if I take one away. How many will there be if I add another one?) KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, position, before, after, between STEM SENTENCES: There are more/fewer than^* * is more/less than^* Partitioning to 10 Numicon Fingers Objects How many are hidden? (problem solving) KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? Stem sentenceandis the same as 10 10 take awayis the same as	Odd and even numbers using Recap odd and even numbers Discuss how even number car odd numbers cannot. Share different numbers, are i KEY VOCABULARY: odd, even groups STEM SENTENCES is an odd number because. is an even number because
7	Where does 6 come on a number track? 1 more/1 less Odd or even number Missing numbers One less and one more with objects that can't be seen (count stones into a bucket. How many will there be if I take one away. How many will there be if I add another one?) KEY VOCABULARY: Numeral, number name, position, before, after, between, 1 more, 1 less, greater than fewer than. STEM SENTENCES: "There are more/fewer." "is 1 more/1 less than" (using numerals to fill the gaps, e.g. 6 is more than 5)	Partitioning to 5 Numicon Double sided counters Part/part whole model Fact families KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? STEM sentence take away Is the same as take away Is the same as			
8	Partitioning to 6 Numicon Fingers Objects Double sided counters Conceptual subitising How many are hidden? (problem solving) Fact families using part-part-whole model KEY VOCABULARY: part, whole, altogether, how many, what do you see? How do you see it? What do you notice? Stem sentenceandis the same as 6 6 take awayis the same as				

, halving, same on both sides, equal,	STEM SENTENCE:
	is the same as
	take awayis the same as
ng sharing.	Word problems
rs, what can we remember?	Automatic recall of number bonds to 5.
an be shared into two equal groups and	Number bonds to 5 problems with measures
e they eve or odd? How do you know?	KEY VOCABULARY: number bonds, number pairs, problem, how
en, share, same on both side, equal,	did you know? Prove it
	STEM SENTENCE:
	andis the same as
e se	